

The Economics of Affordable Housing **Development: Cost Drivers and How Nonprofit Developers Provide Long Term Affordability**

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CALIFORNIA FFORDARI F HOUSING

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TODAY'S SPEAKERS



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ABOUT US: CHPC

- Leadership in applied research statewide, through publications, convenings and data tools that facilitate housing policy development and outcomes tracking
- Advisor to many nonprofit AH developers and leaders statewide on how to execute and plan for developments, legislation etc.





ABOUT US: CCSM

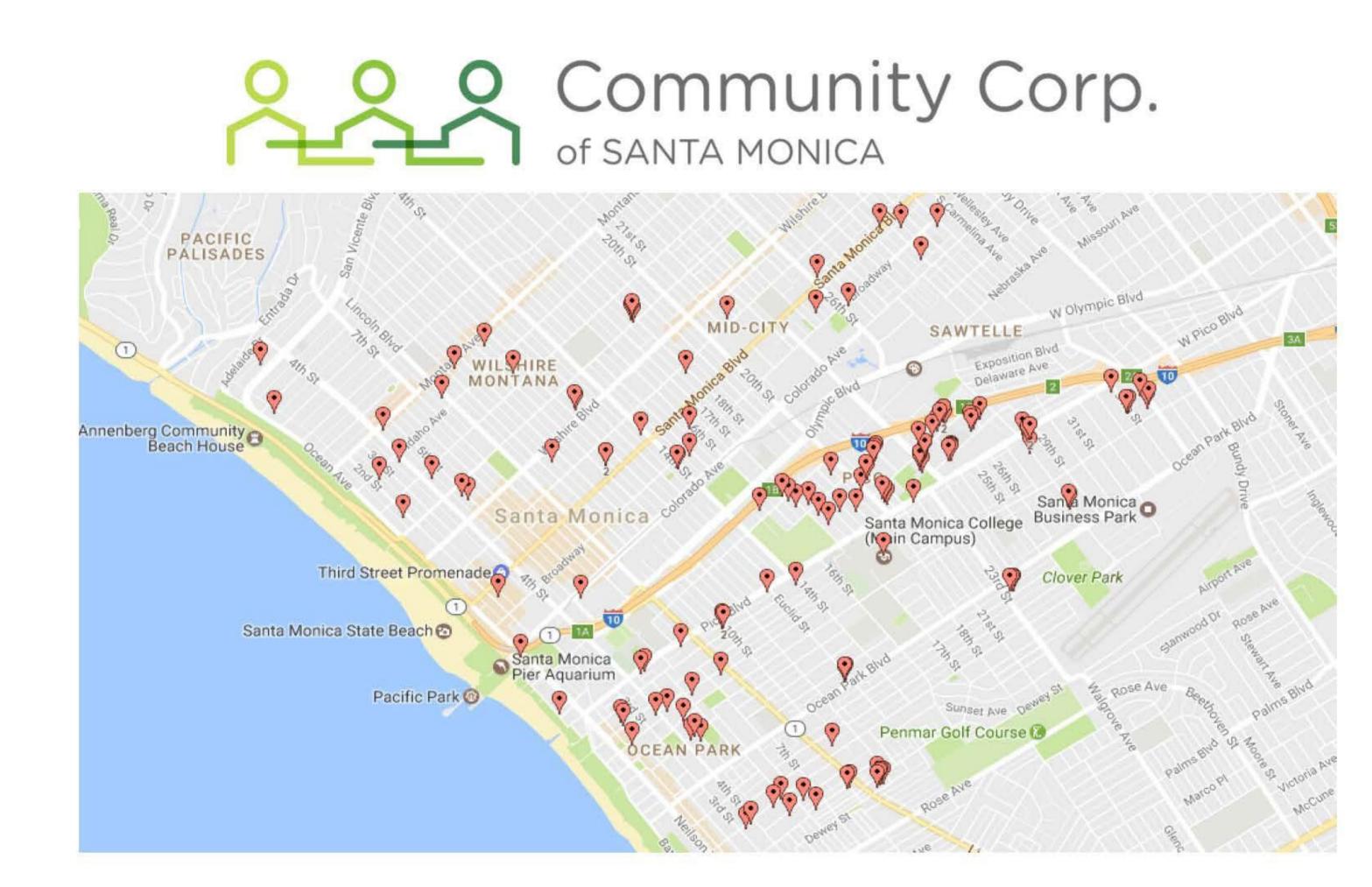
- Nonprofit established in 1982
- Mission to improve lives w/ permanent affordable housing in high opportunity communities
- Over 1,900 units of affordable housing, 100 buildings, over 4,000 people served.
 Vertically integrated
- 3 projects under construction (all in SM), 2 starting next year (1 in SM, 1 in LA)



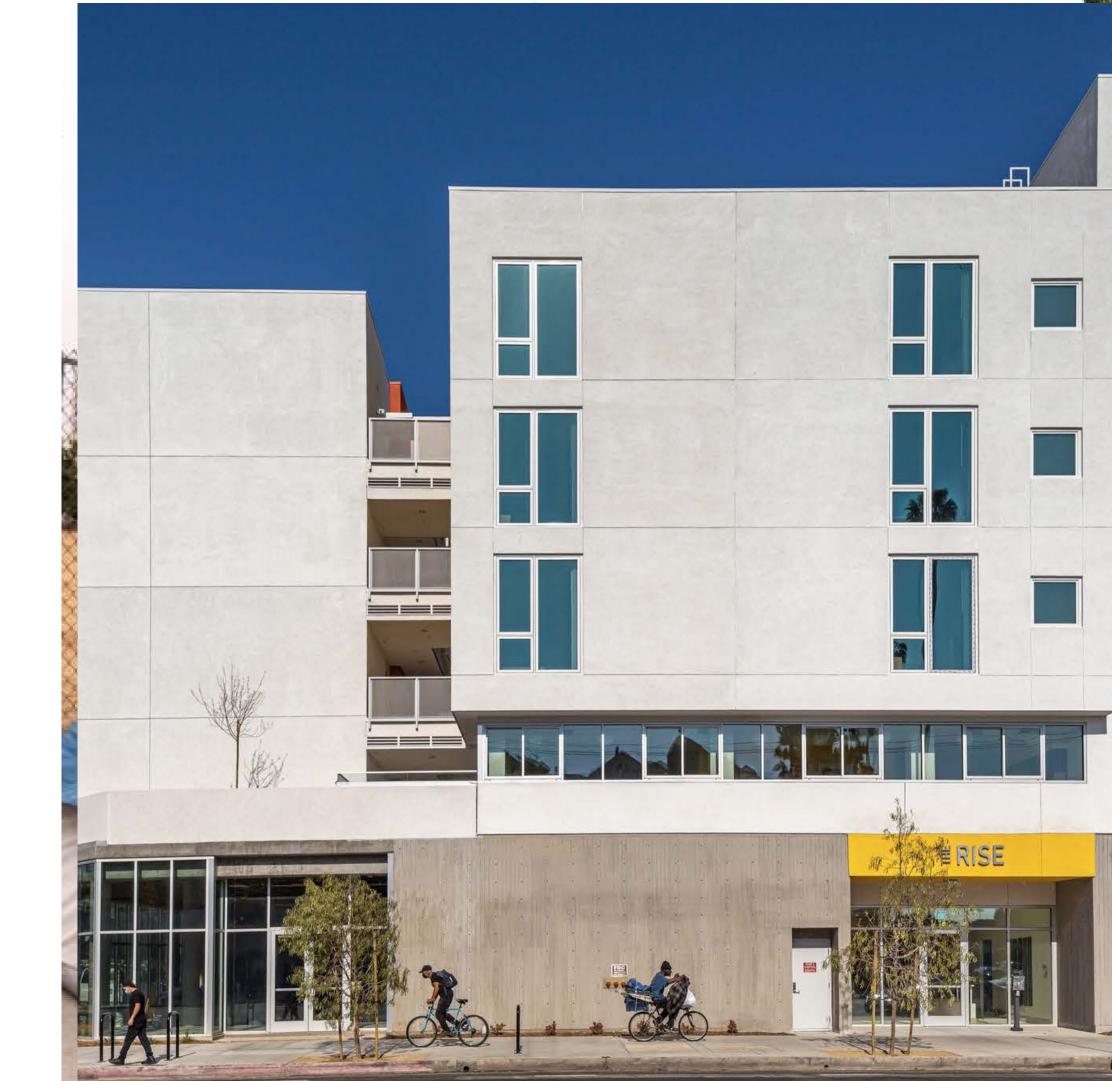


Community Corp. of SANTA MONICA





AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT MODELS



AFFORDABLE HOUSING MODEL

- Affordable housing in high opportunity/disadvantaged neighborhoods creates inclusion, integration and opportunity for improving circumstances and breaking the cycle of poverty
- High quality housing, well maintained + enviro sustainable
- Rents = permanently affordable; ranging from about \$450-\$1500 depending on income and size of household
 - Household income range \$18K \$80K approximately. Families, seniors, homeless individuals





New Construction:

- Las Flores
- 73 Units
- Completed in 2023





Rehabilitation:

- Rehabilitated in 1991
- Historic preservation-almost 100 years old
- 15 units, 100% affordable







Inclusionary Housing

- 1626 Lincoln Blvd. (at Colorado), Santa Monica
- 64 units for low-income families
- Completed 2018
- \$44 million total project cost
- NO City money
- LEED Platinum







Modular Housing

- Berkeley Station
- 13 units
- TAY and family Housing







High Place West - 47 homes for families. Completed in 2011







AFFORDABLE HOUSING SERVICES

AH provides resident services that uplift and engage the community

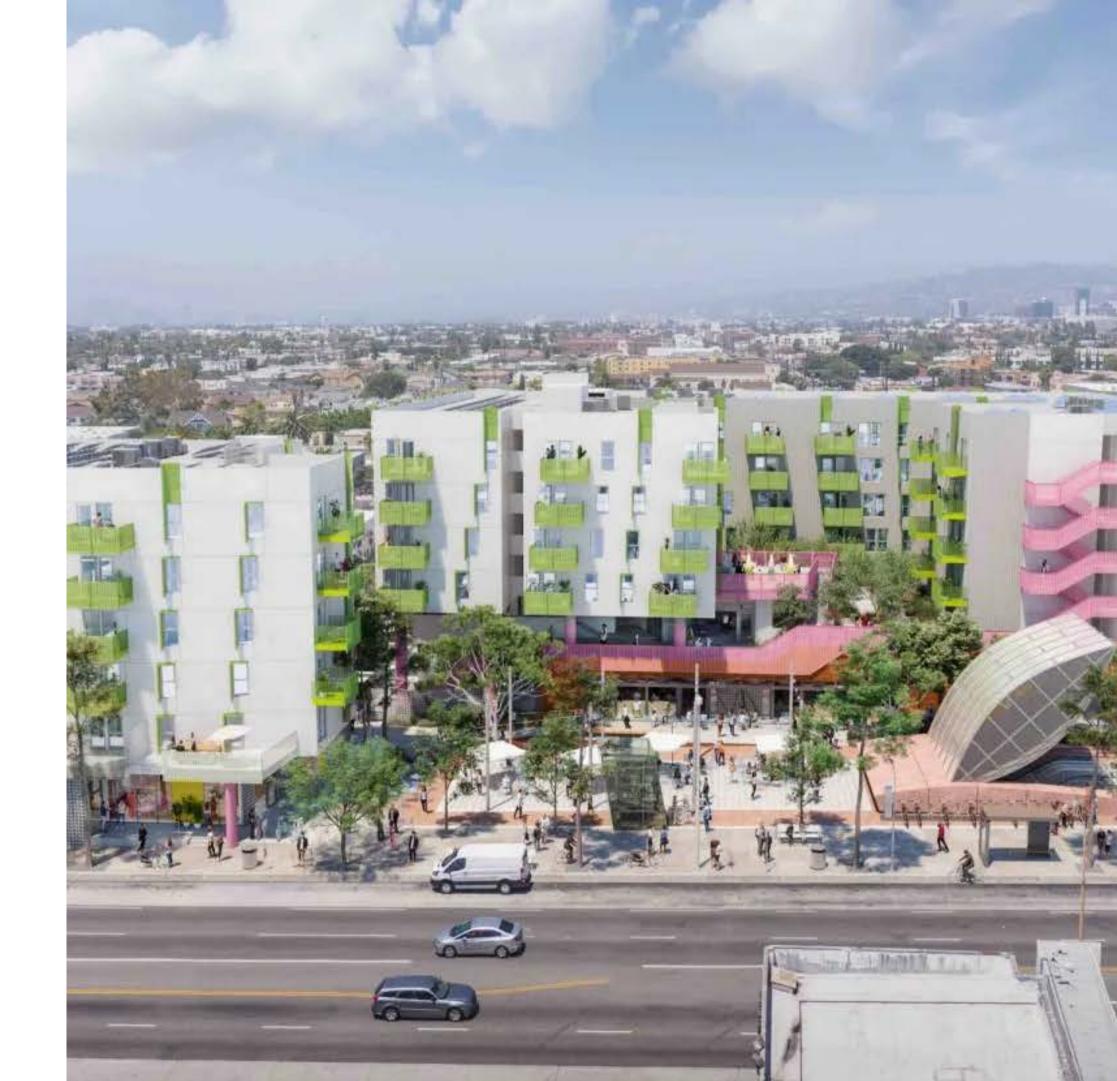


AFFORDABLE HOUSING 101 TRAINING





THE NONPROFIT MODEL: WHY IT MATTERS



THE UNIQUENESS OF THE NONPROFIT MODEL



MISSION DRIVEN Priorities

WITH THE GOAL OF SERVING LOW INCOME RENTERS



PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE

UNLIKE PRIVATE DS WHO WILL FLIP IN A SHORT PERIOD TO TURN A PROFIT



USES PRIVATE-PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

MAKING THE UNITS A PUBLIC ASSET BY FINANCING WITH PUBLIC SUBSIDIES



WHY THE NONPROFIT HOUSING MATTERS

- Our communities are served by all these development models
- Affordable housing = long term public asset; financially front loaded to provide lasting affordability, maintenance and operations;
- NOT flipped for profit or short gains

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WHY THE NONPROFIT HOUSING MODEL MATTERS CONT.

- We must encourage the narrative that **EVERY** community.
- Affordable housing provides important the public good for what it costs.

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affordable housing is essential infrastructure that requires investment at scale across

investments in our communities and serves



THE COST OF **AFFORDABLE** HOUSING: FINANCING, **COST DRIVERS AND WAYS TO** INNOVATE







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AFFORBLE TO RENT



Low rents = Low Net Operating Income (NOI) Low NOI = Small conventional mortgage Small mortgage = Need for public subsidy

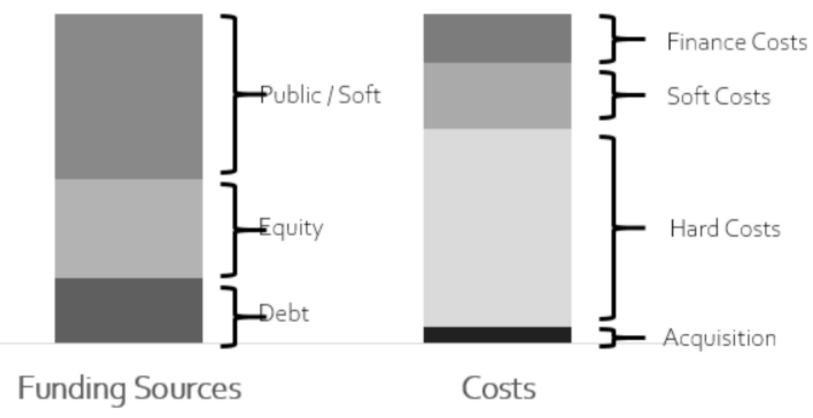
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Need to pull from multiple sources to finance an AH project so that it pencils out, this is called a "Capital Stack." Used to be 1 source, now 7-10 are needed on average.

Main source of this funding is through the Low Income Housing Tax Credit.





Typical Funding Stack: Affordable Housing



Typical Funding Stack: Market vs. Affordable



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Soft Sources needed to fill the gap

LIHTC Equity

Smaller conventional mortgage



IMPORTANT TO NOTE: Pulling together numerous funding resources is time intensive and EXPENSIVE

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WHAT GOES INTO THE COST **TO BUILD AN** AFFORDABLE HOUSING **UNIT?**

= expensive for both private and nonprofit developers

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• The cost of construction for affordable and supportive housing is ABOUT THE SAME as the cost of private residential construction (about \$560k per unit)

It is expensive to build in California across the board. Land and supply costs



COST DRIVERS FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROJECTS

- Capital stacking increases costs
- Development fees
- Site constraints : i.e. difficult topography, pollution remediation, etc.
- Parking
- Design
- Additional amenities for residents and wrap around services

• Additional policy goals: living wages, energy efficiency, ADA requirements, infrastructure and transit improvements in the surrounding area **community:** furniture, community spaces, office spaces for on-site services, childcare centers and



REHAB PROJECT COMPLEXITIES







HOW TO BRING DOWN COSTS

- Streamlining
- Land and partnerships
- Construction methods
- Parking it's complicated
- Sustainability it's complicated
- Density





Commercial spaces New types of funding Tradeoffs • Best practices/lessons



COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS



AUDIENCE Q+A

